Red Hall Primary School

Progression in Religious Education

At Red Hall Primary School the two principal aims of Religious Education are:

1. Learning about Religion:

The first aim of Red Hall Primary School is to develop pupil's knowledge and understanding of religious beliefs and practices, experiences and insights. This will involve helping pupils to gain sound knowledge and clear understanding of the principal religions that are represented in the United Kingdom.

2. Learning from Religion:

Red Hall Primary School believes strongly that the purpose of Religious Education is not to nurture children into a particular faith but to encourage the children, of whatever faith or none, to identify, explore and express their own feelings and beliefs about religion and about life experiences. We will encourage the pupils to ask questions which naturally arise from experiences which happens to them in life. The children will be given the opportunity to reflect upon, question and respond to the 'big questions' of life.

At Red Hall Primary School we are committed to give the children an introduction to the six principal world faiths by the end of Key Stage 2.

Key Stage 1 pupils will have the opportunity to learn about Christianity and be acquainted with two other principal religions (Sikhism and Hinduism).

Key Stage 2 Pupils will study at depth at least two religious traditions, one of which will be Christianity and the other is Islam. Pupils will also have an opportunity to be acquainted with other principal religions.

EYFS pupils will explore religious festivals and celebrations throughout the year. The key festivals and celebrations are highlighted in the EYFS overviews and are directly linked to the development of cultural capital embedded throughout the school year. The main areas of learning that supports this development are PSED and Understanding the World. This academic year, EYFS will also embed the four key school drivers through the 'Curiosity Approach' which enhances PSED and Understanding the World in particular, key religious values, festivals and celebrations.

Year Group	Learning about Religion	Learning from Religion	Language Progression
Nursery	An introduction to:	Welcome-To know that I am special and	Christianity: Harvest, 'I am special'
	Harvest	valued. (reinforced through the	Jesus, God, Christmas, family,
	Diwali	Curiosity Approach –key area –Home	remember, Mary, Joseph, Easter.
	Remembrance Sunday	Corner)	Hinduism: Diwali
	Christmas	Harvest –To explore at least one way in	Islam: Ramadan
	Chinese New Year	which harvest is celebrated e.g. we give	
	Pancake Day	thanks for	
	•	To explore the importance of	
	Special Days e.g. Mother's / Father's	remembering and reflection.	
	Day	Christmas – To celebrate Jesus'	
	Easter	birthday.	
	St George's Day	To explore and discover different ways	
	Ramadan	people celebrate.	
		To explore how Easter is celebrated and	
		that Pancake Day is also known as	
		Shrove Tuesday.	
		To discover more about our patron	
		saint.	
Reception	Harvest celebration (The harvest festival	Welcome –To know that I have a place	Christianity: Harvest, Creation, pray,
	of the Jewish religion is called Sukkot)	and I am valued within my own and	prayer, Bible, share, welcome, friend,
	Local community visit –church links	school family. (EYFS –Curiosity	Jesus, God, Christmas, Church, family,
	(church within community)	Approach)	remember/remembrance, Mary,
	Diwali (linked to Festivals of Light)	Harvest- To explore how the harvest is	Joseph, Easter, new life, hope, growth.
	Remembrance Day	celebrated.	Hinduism: Diwali (linked to Festivals of
	Christmas- Jesus' Birth	To explore how Christians celebrate	Light)
	Chinese New Year and how other	harvest and creation (creation bible	Judaism: Sukkot (Harvest Festival)
	countries celebrate religious festivals	story)	Islam: Ramadan
	and celebrations.	To celebrate the process and	
	Shrove Tuesday	importance of growth through the	
	Easter –New Life	celebration.	
	St George's Day –development of all UK	To explore and discover the range of	
	patron saints.	ways in which harvest is celebrated and	
	Ramadan	respected. (EYFS –Outdoor links)	
		To explore local area.	
		To learn more about the church within	
		locality.	

Year One: Topics: Creation Shining Lights Special books Special Places Belonging Christianity	To explore the Christian Creation story. To explore Shabbat To compare Christian creation story to the Hindu Creation story To explore and retell the story of Rama and Sita To explore how Hindus celebrate Diwali To investigate the stories of the Bible To explore the Jewish Sacred book The Torah. To compare the Torah and the Bible To explore the Jewish Festival Simchat To know what we can find inside a church To know how to behave appropriately in a Church To ask questions that they would like to find out about a church To visit a church To explore baptism in a church To explore how people feel they belong to Islam To explore how people feel they belong to Hinduism. To explore how people feel they belong to Judaism. To explore how people feel they belong to Sikhism. Eid: To explore why Eid is celebrated.	To develop an understanding of family values. (EYFS-Curiosity Approach) To explore Christmas and Jesus' birth. Easter —To reinforce the theme of new life and seasonal change (EYFS-Outdoor) St George's Day —To explore significant saint days. To explore my ideas of how the world was created Harvest: To explore how our food is harvested To understand how the symbols of light and dark are used in religion Christmas: Explore why Christians see Jesus as the light of the world (Star Christmas story). To explore my own and others special books. To explore the special places to us. Easter: To recognise Spring as new life and growth. To understand what the word belonging means To identify where I belong To understand that faith makes people feel that they belong. To explain what it is to belong to a group.	Christianity: Christianity, Christ, Jesus, Bible, Church, Easter, Baptism, Bible, Creation, God, Harvest, prayer, vicar, priest, Christmas, Hinduism: Hindu, God, Goddess, Hinduism, Rama, Sita, Vishnu, Brahman, Diwali, Islam: Eid, Islam, Quran Judaism: Torah, Simchat, Judaism, Shabbat, Synagogue:
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Year Two: Topics:

Getting ready for prayer Sharing Forgiveness Growing and changing Special people Sikhism To know the Lord's prayer is important to Christians

To understand how Muslims pray Harvest: To explain why harvest is important to Christians.

To identify ways in which Christians say thank you to God for His provision.

To identify how Sikhs say thank you to God for His provision

To be able to identify ways in which Christians and Sikhs say thank you to God for His provision

Diwali: To explore the Diwali story and it's teachings.

Christmas: To understand Advent
To explore Jesus and forgiveness.
To explore and discuss what Jews
believe about forgiveness.

To explore the significance of Yom Kippur for Jews

To explore what Buddhists believe about forgiveness.

To know some ways Christians and Muslims remember people who have died

Easter: To begin to understand the significance of the Easter Story

To know about Jesus and his significance to Christians
To explore the story of Noah
To know about the Prophet Muhammad and his significance to Muslims

Eid: To explore how Eid is celebrated at home.

Begin to recognise some of the moral messages in the life of Guru Nanak.

To explore the Holy book of Sikhism

To explore the place of worship for Sikhs

To identify special times in their life To begin to understand prayer as a personal experience

To be able to explore how they themselves might prepare for prayer To be able to locate the sources of our food on a map

To recognise how we can look after others and how others look after us To explore what Is Forgiveness

To discuss and record the life cycle of a human.

To be able to talk about what they think will happen to someone when they die To be able to suggest ways of remembering people who have died To identify a special person in my life

Christianity: Christianity, Christ, Jesus, Bible, Church, Easter, Harvest, Advent, Christmas, Church, Creation, Disciple, Easter, Faith, God, Harvest, Holy, Hymn, Prayer, Priest, Vicar, funeral, Worship, death, heaven. Lord's prayer Hinduism: Hindu, God, Goddess, Hinduism, Rama, Sita, Vishnu, Brahman, Diwali, Ganesh,

Islam: Eid, Islam, Quran, Islam- Allah, Islam, Mosque, Muslim, Prophet, Quran, prayer mat, Salat.

Judaism: Torah, Simchat, Judaism, Shabbat, Synagogue: Yom Kippur Sikhism: Sikhism, Five K's, Gurdwara, Kaur, Respect, Sharing, Sikh, Sikhism Singh, Ten Gurus, Truth, Turban, Baisakhi, Nishan Sahib, Khanda, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Guru Granth Sahib.

Buddhism: Buddhism, Buddhists, Noble Eightfold Path

	To recognise the symbols of Sikhism including the 5 K's To explore some festivals Sikhs celebrate		
Year Three/four Cycle A: A Fair World Follow my Leader Sound of Silence Remembering People Worth Celebrating Hinduism Cycle B: The importance of water Care and Concern Expressing spirituality through the Arts Finding out about Jesus Religion in sound and music Islam	To explore how Christians promote a fair world Harvest: To understand the importance of food at Harvest To explore why Jesus was a good leader Explore how a Christian might follow Jesus To identify Buddha's qualities to how he lived To explore the qualities of Jesus and Buddha through statues and Rupas Diwali: To explore why Hindus celebrate Diwali Christmas: To explore how Christmas is celebrated around the world To investigate Quaker worship To understand the purpose of Buddhist meditation. To explore the story of Buddhist enlightenment. To explore the key events running up to the crucifixion To explore how artists, depict the crucifixion To explore vents that happened after the crucifixion. Eid: To explore the customs of Eid. To explore how water is used in Christianity To explore Baptism	To explain what the phase 'fair world' mean to me. To start to understand the role of the UN. To begin to understand ways in which others help to improve equality To explore how different religions respond to inequality To identify admirable qualities in leaders To identify the things in the natural world that makes us silent. To identify events which would make me want to pray to God To explore how I might make use of silence To discuss how I feel when I lose something To identify a hero in my life To explore people who have made an impact on the world (Focus on Religious leaders) Explore how I feel heroes should be celebrated To understand the importance of water in religion To explore what the words care and concern mean. To recognise that expressing faith involves feelings	Christianity: Christianity, Christ, Jesus, Bible, Church, Easter, Harvest, Advent, Christmas, Church, Creation, Disciple, Easter, Faith, God, Harvest, Holy, Hymn, Prayer, Priest, Vicar, funeral, Worship, death, heaven. Lord's prayer, status, Quaker, Crucifixion, Baptism, Mother Teresa. Symbolic, Faith, God, Gospel, Harvest, Holy, Hymn, Lent, New Testament, Parables, Pentecost, Prayer, Prophet, Incarnation Hinduism: Aum or Om, Brahman, Diwali, Ganesh, Gods and goddesses, Hindu, Hinduism, Mandir, Offering, Pray, Rama, Shiva, Shrine, Sita, Vishnu, Worship. Islam: Islam- Allah, Hajj, Islam, Mihrab, Mosque, Muslim, Prophet, Qiblah, Quran, Salaa, Sawm, Shahada, Eid, 5 pillars, salat, prayer mat, Muhammad Judaism: Torah, Simchat, Judaism, Shabbat, Synagogue: Yom Kippur Sikhism: Sikhism, Five K's, Gurdwara, Kaur, Respect, Sharing, Sikh, Sikhism Singh, Ten Gurus, Truth, Turban, Baisakhi, Nishan Sahib, Khanda, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Guru Granth Sahib. Buddhism: Buddhism, Buddhists, chant, enlightenment, meditation. Noble
	Harvest: Understand how Harvest Festival is celebrated around the world. To explore how Christians show care To explore Mother Teresa's life	and emotions. To understand how colour can be used to express religious feelings and ideas.	Eightfold Path

To explore the third pillar of Islam Zakat To understand how drama is used to To explore how religious leaders show reinforce care and concern. important teachings and stories in **Diwali: Explore how Diwali is** religions. To explore how I use music celebrated by Hindus **Christmas: To explore the importance** of music at Christmas To find out how Islamic art helps Muslims to worship. To learn that representations of Jesus vary and to explore some of the reasons for this. To learn that pictures of Jesus tell us about people's personal beliefs about him. To find out what Jesus was like as a person from the Gospels. To explore other people's view of Jesus from the Bible To explore the symbolic language used to describe Jesus in the Bible. **Easter: To explore Jesus as the Servant** King. To explore how music is used in Christianity To explore how music is used in Islam To explore the Buddhist chant

Year Five/Six
Cycle A
The Bible
Words of Wisdom The Quran
Journeys
Talking about God
Keeping the rules
Judaism

Cycle B
Faith in our community
Muhammad and why he is
important to Islam
Ways of worship
Freedom
Caring for the Earth
Buddhism

To identify and describe ways in which the Bible is important for Christians To find out how Christians use the Bible at home and at church.

To find out about the different kinds of writing in the Bible and why each is important.

To find out how different genres of writing in the Bible show different aspects of God.

To investigate the Old and New Testaments of the Bible

Harvest: To explore how Harvest is a time to give thanks

Eid: To explore the fourth pillar of Islam- fasting.

To identify the meaning of the word 'sacred' and to explore why the Qur'an is important to Muslims

To know what the Qur'an teaches about God and to reflect on your own ideas about God

To know that the behaviour of Muslims is influenced by the Qur'an.

To study ways in which Muslim children learn about the Qur'an.

To be able to explain the significance of the Qur'an to Muslims today

Diwali: To explore the Gods Rama and Sita

Christmas: To explore the different Gospel versions of Christmas.

To know what a pilgrimage is and to explore Christian pilgrimage

To explore what happens during Haji

To investigate other religion pilgrimages To begin to understand Christian ideas of the Trinity To be able to recognise key events in my life so far

To be able to reflect on their future life and consider the impact their decisions will have.

To explore qualities of a friend To explore the qualities I would like to have.

To explore why rules are needed To explore the rules I would put in place if I were God.

To investigate the words 'God's Will' To identify rules that should be universal

To find out about the different beliefs of religious and non-religious communities in our local area.

To consider the ways in which belonging to a religious community can help people.

To find out about the impact faith and beliefs have had on the lives of inspirational figures.

To consider the difficulties for people of different religious beliefs living in non-religious communities

To think about what makes it difficult to live life according to our own beliefs.

To explore how I worship

To explore how I think the Earth began To explore why people of faith have a sense of awe about earth

Explore religious teachings of how people should care for the Earth

Christianity: Advent, Ascension,
Baptism, Bible, Christ, Christmas,
Church, Creation, Disciple, Easter, Faith,
God, Gospel, Harvest, Holy, Holy Spirit,
Hymn, Incarnation, Jesus, Lent, Lord's
Prayer, Mass, Miracle, Myth, New
Testament, Old Testament, Parables,
Pentecost, Prayer, Priest, Prophet,
Psalm, Resurrection, Salvation, Soul, Ten
Commandments, Trinity, Vicar, Worship,
pilgrimage.

Hinduism: Diwali, Ganesh, Gods and goddesses, Hindu, Hinduism, Mandir, Offering, Pray, Rama, Shiva, Shrine, Sita, Vishnu, Worship.

Islam: Islam- Allah, Hajj, Islam, Mihrab, Mosque, Muslim, Prophet, Qiblah, Muhammad, Quran, Salaa, Sawm, Shahada, Eid, 5 pillars, salat, prayer mat. Scared.

Judaism: Torah, Simchat, Judaism, Shabbat, Synagogue: Yom Kippur, Joseph, Egyptians, Israelites,

Sikhism: Sikhism, Five K's, Gurdwara, Kaur, Respect, Sharing, Sikh, Sikhism Singh, Ten Gurus, Truth, Turban, Baisakhi, Nishan Sahib, Khanda, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Guru Granth Sahib.

Buddhism: Buddhism, Buddhists, chant, enlightenment, meditation. Noble Eightfold Path.

To explore what Allah means to the Islam faith **Easter: To explore the significance of** the cross. To investigate the 10 commandments and what they mean To explore the Five precepts and 10 paramitas of Buddhism Harvest: To explore how Harvest is a time to give thanks To find out who Muhammad was and why he is an important figure in Islam. To learn about the life of Muhammad and his impact on history. To understand the importance of Muhammad to Muslims' daily lives. To relate our experience of role-models and influences on our lives with those of Muslims Diwali: To explore the moral of the story of Diwali (Diva Lamps) **Christmas: To explore the significance** of the Three Kings/Wise Men in the **Nativity Story** Explore how Christians worship their God To explore how Muslims worship their To explore how Sikhs worship their God To compare similarities and differences between religions To find out who the Israelites were and what they believed. To find out about Joseph and how he came to be in Egypt. To find out how the Israelites came to be in Egypt

use symbolism and colour to express the Easter message. To explore the Christian creation story To explore the Islam creation story Eid: To explore the importance of charity.
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